

# Administrative Training Institute

Government of West Bengal

Half Yearly Departmental Examination for Officers of the Indian Administrative Service August 2013

Law Paper – I (Land Laws of West Bengal and General Laws)

(Without Books)

Answers to be written in English only

Time Allowed – 3 hours

Full Marks – 100

Pass Marks – 50

## Group – A

### Answer Any Five Question

1. Write short notes of the following under W.B.E.Act 1953. (answer any four)

(a) Homestead.

(b) Charitable purpose.

(c) Incumbrance.

(d) Agricultural Land.

(e) Rent.

(f) Intermediary.

2 ½x4=10

2.(a) Has the revenue officer any absolute prerogative to revise any entry in the record after final publication of Record of Rights?

(b) Can any revenue officer, Correct a bonafide mistake in R.O.R? If not who is the competent R.O.? Is there any time limit?

5+5=10

3. How much of the following lands an intermediary under section of the W.B.E.A Act 1953 entitled to retain (answer with ref. to subclauses):-

(a) agricultural land.

(b) Non – agricultural land.

(c) Homestead.

(d) Tank Fishery.

2 ½x4=10

4. What would follow if a bargadar surrenders his right of cultivation or voluntarily abandons his right of cultivation of land under section 20B of the W.B.L.R Act?

10

5. Define 'Consolidation'? What are the procedure for acquisition of plots of land for consolidation and redistribution after acquisition?

10

6. State the provisions for deciding the following disputes between a bargadar and the person whose land he cultivates

(a) division or delivery of produce

(b) recovery of produce under section 16A.

(c) termination of cultivation by bargadar.

10

7. What do you mean by 'Right of Pre-emption'? Would an application for preemption lie as regards the following transaction:-

- (a) transfer by exchange or by partition?
- (b) a transfer by bequest or gift or heba – bil - ewaz?
- (c) mortgage under section 7 of the W.B.L.R Act?
- (d) transfer for charitable or religious purposes
- (e) transfer of land in favour of a bargadar.

10

**Group – B**  
**Answer Any Five**

8. Distinguish between :-

- (a) Investigation and enquiry.
- (b) Discharge and Acquittal.

5+5=10

9. State under what circumstances an Executive Magistrate can exercise power to deal with:-

- (a) urgent cases of nuisance or apprehended danger?
- (b) Disputes as to immovable properties.

5+5=10

10. (a) 'A' is proclaimed as an offender by the State Government. He is arrested by a police officer without warrant. 'A' challenges his arrest before the High Court by filing a Habeas Corpus under Art 226 of the constitution of India, on the ground that his arrest is illegal. Is his arrest illegal? Give reasons.

(b) A police officer has no definite knowledge/information that 'A' is in possession of an implement of house breaking. Police officer arrests 'A'. Is 'A's arrest illegal? Give reason.

5+5=10

11. (a) 'A' police officer fires on a mob by the order of a Superior officer in Conformity with the commands of law. Has 'A' committed any offence? Give reasons.

(b) 'A' finding 'B' being attacked by 'C' with knife, shoots at 'C' thereby intending to save 'B', The shot misses 'C' and kills 'B'. Has 'A' committed any offence? Give reasons.

5+5=10

12. (a) By what name, any question suggesting answer which the person putting it wishes to receive is called under the I.E. Act 1872? Ans with ref. to Section.

(b) Can a party cross examine his own witness called by him? If so when? Give reasons.

5+5=10

13. State the cases in which secondary evidence relating to documents may be given.

10

14. State how would you prove the following:- (any two)

- (a) Power of attorney.
- (b) Hand writing of a person.
- (c) Distance between Kolkata and Delhi.
- (d) Defamatory broadcast in the media.

5+5=10

**Administrative Training Institute**  
Government of West Bengal  
Half Yearly Departmental Examination for Officers of the Indian Administrative Service  
August 2013  
**Law Paper – II (Land Laws and General Laws)**  
**(With Books)**  
**Answers to be written in English only**  
**Time Allowed – 3 hours** **Full Marks – 100**  
**Pass Marks – 50**

**Group - A**

**(Answers Q.1 and any two from the rest)**

1. Write short notes on any four of the following:-

(a) Void - abinitio

(b) Annual Value of land (The Cess Act 1880)

(c) Owner (The W.B. Public Land (Eviction of unauthorised occupants) Act 1962)

(d) Person Interested (L.A. Act 1894)

(e) Unauthorised Occupation (The W.B. Public Land (Eviction of unauthorised occupants) Act 1962)

(f) Vacant Land (Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act 1976)

4 ½ x4=18

2. State under what provisions a person holding vacant land within the jurisdiction of two or more competent authorities need to do under Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation ) Act 1976. 16

3. State under what circumstances a collector under the L.A. Act 1894 can exercise special powers vested in him under the Act? 16

4. State in brief as to what procedure to be followed by the Collector for eviction of unauthorised occupants? 16

**Group - B**

**(Answers Q.5 and any two from the rest)**

5. Write short notes of the following:-

(a) Heritage Building

(b) Building. (B.M. Act 1993)

(c) Recognised Political Party (B.M. Act 1993)

(d) Election (Representation of People Act 1951)

(e) Auditor (W.B. Panchayet Act 1973)

(f) Begging

3x6=18

6. What are the powers of the Central Government to protect and improve environment?

16

7. What orders can be passed by the Juvenile Justice Board when a Juvenile is produced before a board having been with an offence?

16

8. Define Cinematograph. Discuss the procedure and principal for certifying films.

16

9. What is the duty of the Registering officer before registration under the Indian Registration Act 1908? Is the photograph of the person seeking registration necessary?

12+4=16

**Administrative Training Institute  
Government of West Bengal**

Half Yearly Departmental Examination for Officers Of the W.B.C.S.(Executive) August – 2013

**Law Paper – I (Criminal Law and the Law of Evidence)**

**(Without Books)**

**Answers to be written in English only**

**Time Allowed – 3 hours**

**Full Marks – 100**

**Pass Marks – 50**

Answer any **four** questions from **Group – A**

And any **two** from **Group – B**

**Group – A**

1. Answer **any four** of the following:-

- (a) Investigation and Inquiry.
- (b) Cognizable and Non – cognizable offence
- (c) Security for keeping peace on Conviction and Security for keeping the peace in Other Cases.
- (d) Local Jurisdiction.
- (e) Public Prosecutor. 4x5=20

2. Write Short notes:-

- (a) Fact (Sec – 3 I.E. Act 1872)
- (b) Relevant (Sec – 3 I.E. Act 1872)
- (c) Document (Sec – 3 I.E. Act 1872)
- (d) Evidence (Sec – 3 I.E. Act 1872) 4x5=20

3. Explain the following terms as defined in I.P.C :- (Any Two)

- (i) Voluntarily (Sec – 39)
- (ii) Injury (Sec – 44)
- (iii) Good Faith (Sec – 52) 10x2=20

4. Explain with reasons and reference to section

- (a) What are the offences relating to religion?
- (b) Is trespass to any place of worship an offence?
- (c) Is keeping of poisonous substance exhibiting a negligent conduct, punishable?
- (d) What are the ingredients of a Public Nuisance?
- (e) Wrongful restraint.
- (d) Criminal force. 4x5=20

5. What is Dying Declaration? Explain. How is a dying declaration proved? What is the principle on which dying declarations are admitted in evidence? 20

6. On whom does the burden of proof lie in the following cases:-

(a) as to particular fact?

(b) facts specially within knowledge?

(c) Principal and agent?-

(d) ownership?

4x5=20

### **Group – B**

7. Discuss the provisions of the prevention of Corruption Act 1988 relating to:-

(i) Powers of the Special Judge.

(ii) Penalty that can be imposed on a public servant who takes illegal gratification other than legal remuneration in respect of an official act. 5+5=10

8. State the powers and jurisdiction of the Special Judge to try summarily an offence committed by a public servant under section 6 of the P.C. Act 1988. 10

9. State the nature of penalty which may be imposed on any person, if he, Contravenes any order made under section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act 1955. 10

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Half Yearly Departmental Examination for Officers Of the W.B.C.S.(Executive) August – 2013

**Law Paper – II (Land Laws and General Laws)**

**(Without Books)**

**Answers to be written in English only**

**Time Allowed – 3 hours**

**Full Marks – 100**

**Pass Marks – 50**

**Group - A**

**(Answer Q.1 any three from the rest)**

1. Define the terms as per W.B.E.A Act 1953. (answer any three)

- (a) Religious Purpose
- (b) Homestead
- (c) Incumbrance
- (d) Agricultural year
- (e) Notified Area

3x5=15

2. How much of the following lands an intermediary is entitled to retain:-

- (a) Agricultural land.
- (b) Non agricultural land.
- (c) Tank fishery
- (d) Orchard
- (e) Homestead

5x3=15

3. Discuss the provisions contained in section 57B of the W.B.E.A Act 1953. 15

4. Write short notes on **any five** of the following:-

- (a) Tank Fishery
- (b) Right of purchase by a Co-sharer Raiyat
- (c) Person interested
- (d) Dwelling unit
- (e) urban land
- (f) 'To hold' in relation to vacant land
- (g) Court (L.A. Act 1894)

5x3=15

5. Is there any provisions in the L.A. Act 1894 for temporary occupation of land with compensation and restoration there to? Answer with reference to the provisions.

**Group - B**

**Answer Q.6 and any two from the rest**

6. Answer **any five** of the following:-

- (a) Certificate debtor
- (b) Certificate Officer
- (c) Block Development officer
- (d) Commissioner of Panchayet and Rural Development
- (e) Leader
- (f) Office bearer
- (g) Nyaya Panchayet

5x2=10

7. What are the power of the Gram Panchayet for improvement of Sanitation (Sec 24 of the W.B. Panchayet Act 1973)

15

8. State the provisions of reference of disputes arising between two or more gram panchayets within the jurisdiction of same Panchayet Samity.

15

9. Answer with reference to Bengal Public Demand Recovery Act 1913 (answer **any five**)

- (a) Who may execute certificate?
- (b) When certificate may be executed?
- (c) What are the modes of execution?
- (d) Are interest, cost and charges recoverable?
- (e) Sale when becomes absolute or be set aside?
- (f) Is there any provision in this Act for Release from arrest and re-arrest of the certificate debtor?

3x5=15

10. State in brief the provisions regarding counting of votes, destruction, loss etc of the ballot papers during counting. (Representation of Peoples Act 1951)

15



# Administrative Training Institute

## Government of West Bengal

Half Yearly Departmental Examination for Officers Of the W.B.C.S.(Executive) August – 2013

### Law Paper – III (General Law)

(With Books)

Answers to be written in English only

Time Allowed – 3 hours

Full Marks – 100

Pass Marks – 50

### Group - A

(Answer **any Two**)

1. (a) What is the nature and object of the West Bengal Inland Fisheries Act 1984?

(b) What steps the Government shall take for Conservation and Propagation of 'fish' under the Act?  
8+8=16

2. (a) What do you mean by the following terms (W.B. Government Land (Regulation of transfer) Act 1993):-

(i) Competent Authority

(ii) Government Estate

(iii) Government undertaking

(iv) Transfer of Government Land. 4x4=16

3. Define the term 'mouza' under the Bengal Survey Act 1875? How does a collector enter upon the land for the purpose of survey?  
4+12=16

**Group - B**

(Answer **any two**)

4. Write short notes **any four**:-

(a) Firearms

(b) Prohibited ammunition

(c) Animal article

(d) Hunting

(e) Hazardous Substance

(f) Begging

4x4=16

5. Discuss the provisions for Rehabilitation and Social Reintegration of Child as enshrined in the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2000 16

6. Discuss the functions of the West Bengal Commission for Women Act 1992. 16

**Group - C**

(Answer **any two**)

7. Are the instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in evidence? Discuss. 18

8. State the obligatory functions of a Municipality under the West Bengal Municipal Act 1993. 18

9. What are the penalties provided in the Foreigners Act 1946 for Contravention of the provisions in this Act? Discuss. 18

**Administrative Training Institute**  
**Government of West Bengal**  
**Half Yearly Departmental Examination for Officers of the Indian Administrative Service &**  
**W.B.C.S (Executive), August 2013**  
**Accounts – Paper I (Without books)**  
Full Marks 50; Pass Mark 25; Time – 2 hours  
**Answers to be written in English only**

Answer Question No. 1, and any three from the rest.

- 1 (a) (i) How are the initial accounts of the state governments maintained ? 5 Marks
- (ii) How is administrative control relevant in the overall process of control over the financial administration ? 5 Marks
- (b) Explain the significance of Appropriation Act. 10 Marks
2. What are Major, Minor and Detailed Heads? 10 Marks
3. Write notes on any two of the following : – 5+5 = 10 Marks  
(i) Ways and Means (ii) Investments (iii) Audit against Regularity
4. Write a note on classification in the Treasury Accounts. 10 Marks
5. Explain the functions of audit in respect of receipts. 10 Marks
6. What are the sources from which accounts and supporting documents flow to the Accountant- General? 10 Marks
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**Administrative Training Institute**  
**Government of West Bengal**  
**Half Yearly Departmental Examination for Officers of the Indian Administrative Service &**  
**W.B.C.S (Executive), August 2013**  
**Accounts – Paper II (With books)**  
 Full Marks 100; Pass Mark 50; Time – 3 hours  
**Answers to be written in English only**  
 Answer Question No. 1, and any four from the rest.

1. Explain the following : – (Any four) 4×5 = 20 Marks
    - (i) Circumstances tantamount to absence without leave.
    - (ii) Duty of the departmental officer in case of loss of immovable property caused by fire or other natural causes.
    - (iii) Disbursing officers authorised to incur certain charges without Controlling officer's sanction.
    - (iv) Counting of increment on promotion or reinstatement from a lower grade or post to which a government employee was ordered to be reduced.
    - (v) Withdrawal of money by a newly established office.
  
  2. Write about the relevance of Accountant General's office in relation to sanction. 20 Marks
  
  - 3 (i) What are the kinds of Notices or salaries/wages in lieu of notices for termination of the services of a temporary employee ? 10 Marks
  
  - (ii) How is a government employee's pay regulated when he officiates in two or more separate posts at one time ? 10 Marks
  
  4. In the case of withdrawal of money from government account for disbursement, what are the responsibilities of a Treasury Officer ? 20 Marks
  
  - 5 (i) Briefly mention the rules of conversion of security furnished in cash into interest-bearing forms of security. 10 Marks
  
  - (ii) It is not sufficient for a Controlling officer to see that the total expenditure is within the limits of authorised appropriation – explain. 10 Marks
  
  6. State the procedure of clearing final Provident Fund dues on retirement of an employee belonging to other than group 'D' category, and of an employee belonging to group 'D' category. 20 Marks
  
  7. State the rules regarding payment of subsistence allowance incidental to suspension. 20 Marks
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**ADMINISTRATIVE TRAINING INSTITUTE**  
**GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL**  
**HALF YEARLY DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION FOR WBCS(Exe) OFFICERS**  
**HINDI – PART I (Written) – (TRANSLATION AND LETTER WRITING)**  
**AUGUST, 2013**

Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Full Marks – 40

1. निम्नलिखित अनवरण का हिन्दी में अनुवाद कीजिए:

12

Darjeeling is famous for its five T's. They are Tea, Teak, Tourism, Toytrain and Trekker's paradise. Tea and Darjeeling are synonymous. It is renowned for its flavour. Connoisseurs all over the world have fancied and valued Darjeeling tea and compared it as "Champagne of Tea". The Darjeeling Himalaya Railway came into being in 1881. It has been declared a world Heritage site in 1999 by UNESCO. One can travel from Darjeeling to Ghoom station or vice-versa to enjoy the toytrain joyride.

OR

Indian society faces a typical fallacy or dichotomy. On one hand we worship goddess Durga, Kali to glorify the image and contribution of woman in the society; on the other hand we see a very skewed Child Sex Ratio. The ratio of girl to boy has been on decline continuously. The girls are victim of discrimination even before they are born. Many of the girls who are born are deprived of nutritious food and other amenities that they deserve. A society can not survive without the right balance between girl and boy.

2. निम्नलिखित अवतरण का अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद कीजिए :-

12

अण्डमान तथा निकोबार द्वीप समूह समुद्र की गोद में बसे हैं। इनमें छोटे एवं बड़े कुल मिलाकर द्वीपों की संख्या 572 है, जिनमें से निवासीय द्वीपों की संख्या 37 है। अण्डमान के सभी स्थानों पर पर्यटक स्वतंत्र रूप से घूम-फिर सकते हैं, परंतु निकोबार द्वीप में जाने के लिए जिलाधीश पोर्टब्लेयर से अनुमति लेना आवश्यक है। समुद्र की गोद में बसे हुए इन टापुओं की प्राकृतिक सुंदरता बेनिसाल है, जिसे निहारते निहारते आँखें कभी थकती नहीं। यही वजह है कि इसकी एक झलक पाने के लिए विश्व के कोने कोने से पर्यटक आते रहते हैं।

अथवा

जीवन जीना एक कला है। स्वयं जीयें और दूसरों को भी जीने दें, यही जीवन दर्शन है। हर व्यक्ति को जीने की स्वतंत्रता चाहिए। आज के भौतिक जगत में हर व्यक्ति धन प्राप्ति, सुख ऐश्वर्य, मान प्रतिष्ठा और फैशन की दौड़ में शामिल है। संयुक्त परिवार विघटित हो रहा है। परिवार के लिए किया गया त्याग आपका धर्म है, उसके बदले अपेक्षा रखने से ही कष्ट होता है। परिवार, समाज, राष्ट्र के प्रति समर्पण एवं निष्ठा जीवन की बुनियाद है। जीवन जीने की कला सिखाती है कि खुशियाँ दूढ़ने की जगह खुश रहना सीखो।

3. छात्र और राजनीति शिक्षा के मूल अस्तित्व के लिए चुनौती बन गई है। इस विषय पर किसी दैनिक समाचार पत्र के संपादक को पत्र लिखिए -

8

4. देश की आर्थिक स्थिति पर अपने विचार व्यक्त करते हुए अपने मित्र को पत्र लिखिए -

8

[For Question Nos. 3 & 4 do not write your name or address anywhere instead write A,B,C etc.]

## Administrative Training Institute

### Government of West Bengal

Half yearly Departmental Examination for WBCS(Exe) Officers,

AUGUST – 2013

Hindi Dictation

Marks: 20

Dictation: 15 minutes

Revision: 15 minutes

सामाजिक जीवन में मध्यवर्ग का स्वरूप इसी युग में उभरा। प्रशासन को चलाने के लिए सरकार को ऐसे कर्मचारीवर्ग की आवश्यकता थी जो शिक्षित हो और जो साधारण जिम्मेदारियाँ निभा सके। पूँजीवादी अर्थव्यवस्था को भी चलाने के लिए बहुत से पढ़े लिखे कर्मचारियों की आवश्यकता थी क्योंकि उनके बिना व्यापार सुचारु रूप से बड़े पैमाने पर नहीं चल सकता था। इन सेवाओं से उनका अर्थोपार्जन मात्र इतना होता था कि जीवन बिना किसी विरोध-बाधा के साधारण स्तर पर चलाया जा सके। इस वर्ग में आनेवालों की स्थिति निर्धन किसानों और श्रमिकों से बेहतर थी और समाज में शिक्षित समुदाय के रूप में इनकी एक स्तरीय प्रतिष्ठा भी बन गई थी। यह वर्ग शारीरिक श्रम न करके बौद्धिक श्रम करता था।

**Administrative Training Institute**  
**Government of West Bengal**  
**Half yearly Departmental Examination for IAS and WBCS (Exe) Officers.**  
**AUGUST - 2013**  
**Bengali Paper – I (Written) – (Translation and letter writing)**  
**Time Allowed – 2 Hours** **Full Marks 40**

১) যে কোন একটি বাংলায় অনুবাদ করুন :

(a) To counteract the growth of terrorism and the inhuman, meaningless killing of innocent, peace loving people, governments all over the world must crack down on this menace and condemn all terrorist acts as criminal. What is more the terrorist cause must not pay; political blackmail must not get results. While every effort should be made for peaceful results there must be no flinching from using force, when necessary, Punishments for convicted terrorists must not be light. Most of all, the publicity which terrorists receive on such a massive scale must never be given. If the terrorist's acts are neither acknowledged or flaunted abroad with great fanfare their balloons will be pricked and their causes dead.

(b) A modern hospital is a large, well ordered, well ventilated building, with trained doctors and nurses to attend upon patients. Almost every town now possesses a hospital for general treatment, besides, in some cases, various special hospitals for particular types of ailments. The standard of order, cleanliness and comfort is very where the same. There are doctors and nurses engaged in relieving human sufferings. Two and a half centuries ago there were very few hospitals; doctors were few and most of them attended upon wealthy private patients only and nurses were untrained, women recruited from the lowest stratum of society.

২) যে কোন একটি ইংরেজিতে অনুবাদ করুন :

(ক) রতন কহিল, টাকার লোভে । আমরা সবাই এক মাসের মাইনে নগদ পেয়ে গেছি । বলিয়া আমার পাশে আসিয়া গলা খাটো করিয়া বলিতে লাগিল, বাবু, আপনি চলে এলে দেখি, মা বসে বসে কাঁদছেন । আমাকে বললেন, রতন, কি হবে বাবা ?

(খ) কমল ।           তুই খবর পেলি কোথা থেকে ?

ইন্দু । স্বয়ং দিদিমণির কাছ থেকে ।

কমল ।           একটু স্পষ্ট ভাষায় কথা ক ।

ইন্দু ।           আমার চেয়ে ঢের বেশি অস্পষ্ট ভাষায় যিনি কাব্য রচনা করেন সেই কবি স্বয়ং এই ঘরে পরিদৃশ্যমান হয়েছিলেন ।

কমল ।           কী কারণে ?

৩) অফিস কর্মীদের সময়ানুবর্তিতা ও কর্তব্যপরায়ণতা প্রসঙ্গে তথ্যাদি দিয়ে বন্ধুর কাছে একটি পত্র লিখুন।

অথবা

বর্তমান জীবনে বিজ্ঞাপনের ভূমিকা সম্পর্কে মতামত জানিয়ে বন্ধুকে একটি পত্র লিখুন।

৪) কিছু ভূয়ো কর্মসংস্থান কেন্দ্র বেকার তরুণ-তরুণীদের চাকরি পাইয়ে দেবার লোভ দেখিয়ে প্রতারণা করে যাচ্ছে, এ সম্পর্কে কি ধরনের প্রতিকার ব্যবস্থা গ্রহন করা দরকার তা জানিয়ে সংবাদপত্রের সম্পাদকের উদ্দেশ্যে একটি পত্র রচনা করুন।

অথবা

কলকাতাকে জঞ্জালমুক্ত করতে হলে কি কি করা দরকার - সে বিষয়ে সংবাদপত্রের সম্পাদকের উদ্দেশ্যে একটি পত্র রচনা করুন।



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তিন দিকে পরিত্যক্ত হস্টেল-বাড়ি, এই দিন চারেক আগে পর্যন্ত ছিল আশ্রয়, এখন হইয়া দাঁড়াইয়াছে আতঙ্ক । মাঝখানে প্রশস্ত লনের উপর টেনিসের পর্দা জুড়িয়া তাঁবু খাটানো, কলেজের ছেলেরা তাহারই মধ্যে জড়ো হইয়াছে । মাঘের কনকনে শীত, তায় পাটনার মতো জায়গা, ও তাঁবুতে কিছুই আটকায় না ; মাথার উপর কিছু একটা আছে - এই সান্ত্বনায় যতটা কাজ হয়। গেল্পি হইতে ওভারকোট পর্যন্ত সবই আছে , - মাঝে মাঝে চা ও আছে । বন্ধিমের ইহাতেও কুলাইতেছে না । সে চৌকির চারিদিকে কঞ্চল বুলাইয়া ভিতরে শুইয়া আছে ।